

småles matters



# BUG NEWS



Summer 2021



Issue No. 02/2021

MCI(P) 079/07/2021

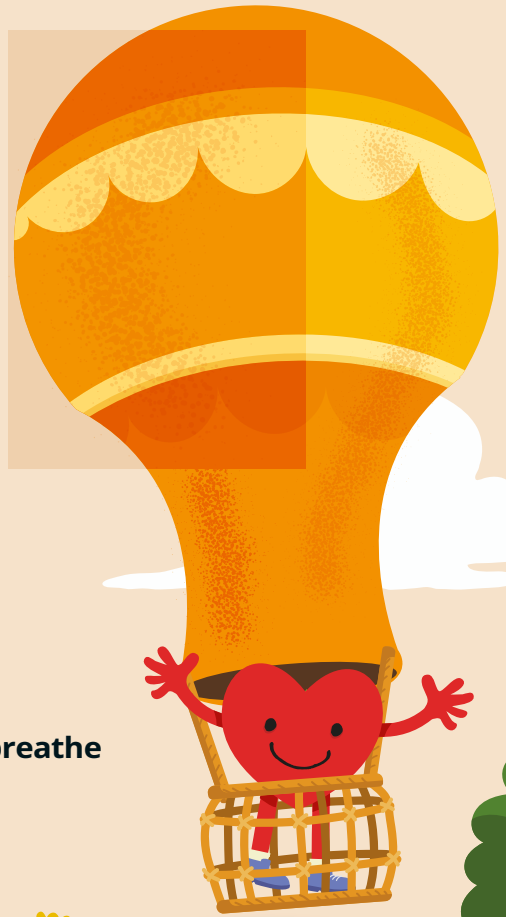
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## Hej småles!

Grab your sunglasses because it's time for Summer! During this period, people love travelling for their holidays, but have you wondered how people use to travel many centuries ago?

Join us for an exciting journey starting from page 4.

Did you know travel behaviours can cause environmental impact such as air pollution to our planet? See page 19 to see what we can do to help.

We hope you will learn interesting things and have a refreshing Summer!

**With Big Bug hugs,  
Alex and Tampi**



We've some good news to share! We've heard your wishes and in the month of September, we will re-open the bug house temporarily for everyone to redeem your smalish dallars.

However, we do ask for your help to take note of the following before heading down to make your redemptions.

- 1) Only the bug house at IKEA Tampines will re-open temporarily in September.
- 2) The bug house will only be open from 1 September to 30<sup>th</sup> September, on Weekdays and during store hours only.
- 3) We encourage all smaless to redeem all your accumulated smalish dallars as we cannot promise that the bug house will re-open after September due to operation constraints.

Visit [smaless.com.sg](https://smaless.com.sg) before dropping by the stores and for the latest news!

# Ancient mode of transport

## Reed boat

Just as its name suggests, this boat with its signature pointy ends are made from bundles of reed tied together. It was commonly used in Ancient Egypt around 7,000 BCE but some countries such as Peru still uses Reed boats.



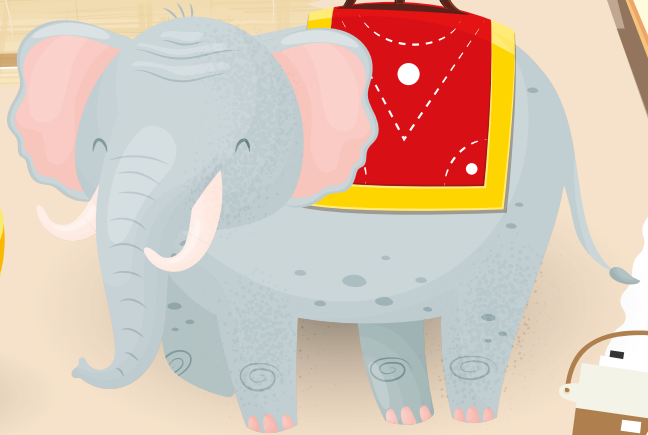
## Horse-drawn carriage

Chariots were invented as early as 3000 BC. The body of the chariot had two wheels and was pulled by a horse or two. It had the capacity to carry up to two people at the time.



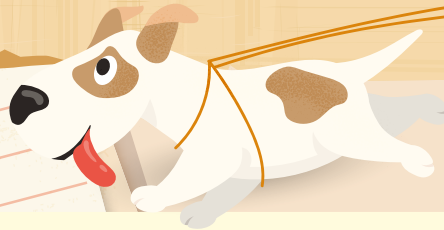
## Elephant carriages

4000 years ago, elephants were trained for domestic and transport purposes and today, they play a huge part in Thailand's tourism.



## Dog sled

Archaeological evidence dating around 1,000 A.D. revealed that the Inuit people invented dog sledding and it was later widely used in the continent. Back then, it started off with just one dog pulling the whole sled!



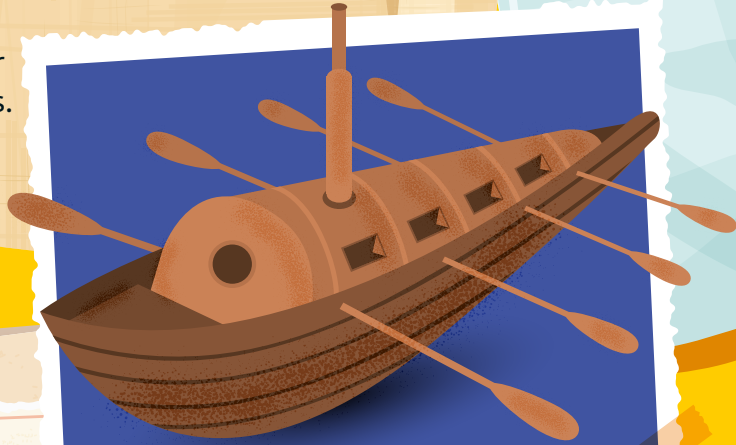
### Sources:

[http://www.iro.umontreal.ca/~vaucher/History/Prehistoric\\_Craft/](http://www.iro.umontreal.ca/~vaucher/History/Prehistoric_Craft/)  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reed\\_boat](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reed_boat)  
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<https://www.elephantsforever.co.za/elephant-domestication.html>  
[https://global.hurtigruten.com/destinations/norway/inspiration/attractions/history-of-dog-sledding/?\\_ga=2.170474408.901412619.1614246774-327563968.1614246774](https://global.hurtigruten.com/destinations/norway/inspiration/attractions/history-of-dog-sledding/?_ga=2.170474408.901412619.1614246774-327563968.1614246774)

# First Transport Invention

## First Submarine

In 1620, Cornelis Drebbel, the Dutch engineer, invented the first submarine that could submerge to 15 feet under the Thames river for up to 3 hours.



## First Air Balloon

In 1783, the Montgolfier brothers experimented the first hot air balloon flight up above Versailles, France. They even demonstrated the flight again to King Louis XVI.



An illustration of a rocket launch. A rocket is shown ascending into a black space with white stars. A large plume of orange and yellow fire trails behind it. In the foreground, a dog named Laika is sitting inside a grey satellite-like container, which is being suspended by a metal frame. To the right, there is a purple planet and a yellow star. A clipboard with a checklist is visible on the right side of the page.

## First Rocket

In 1957, Sputnik 2 was the first rocket to launch while carrying a dog on board. Its name was Laika.

An illustration of a bullet train. The train is white with a red stripe and is moving from left to right. It is surrounded by green trees and a blue sky. A red leaf is falling from the sky. A clipboard with a checklist is visible on the left side of the page.

## First Bullet Train

In 1964, the bullet train or Shinkansen was introduced with a speed of 210 kmph. Today, you can travel from Tokyo to Osaka within 2 hours and 30 minutes.

### Sources:

<https://newatlas.com/cornelis-drebbel-built-three-submarine-in-the-1620s-they-all-worked/3715/>  
[http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/historic\\_figures/drebbel\\_cornelis.shtml](http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/historic_figures/drebbel_cornelis.shtml)  
<http://en.chateauversailles.fr/discover/history/key-dates/first-hot-air-balloon-flight>  
<https://www.nasa.gov/feature/60-years-ago-the-first-animal-in-orbit>  
<https://economictimes.indiatimes.com/industry/transportation/railways/everything-you-wanted-to-know-about-bullet-trains/when-was-the-first-high-speed-network-built/slideshow/60731139.cms>  
<https://www.jrailpass.com/blog/shinkansen-bullet-train-history>





Find the exit path using the pattern on the right.



A 10x8 grid of vehicles. A red arrow points down from the top left corner to the first cell. A red arrow points down from the bottom right corner to the last cell.

Bus	Bus	UFO	Bus	Bus	Car	UFO	Bus
Car	UFO	Bus	Car	Bus	UFO	Car	Car
Bus	Car	Bus	UFO	UFO	Bus	Car	Bus
Car	UFO	UFO	Car	UFO	UFO	UFO	Bus
UFO	Bus	Car	UFO	Bus	Car	Car	Car
UFO	Bus	Bus	Car	Bus	Car	Car	UFO
Bus	Car	Bus	Car	Bus	UFO	Car	Bus
Car	Car	Bus	UFO	UFO	Car	Car	UFO
UFO	UFO	Bus	Car	Bus	Bus	UFO	Bus
Bus	Car	UFO	UFO	Bus	Car	UFO	Car
UFO	Bus	Bus	Car	UFO	Car	Bus	Car

# Art & craft - DIY

## Wind Power Balloon Car

-Parental help required-

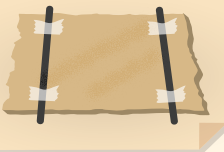
Before starting to build the balloon car, you will need your parent's help to use the scissors and poke a hole in the centre of each bottle cap.

### Materials:

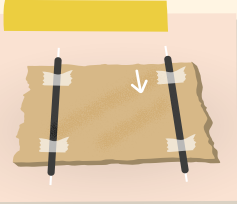
- 1 of 3 x 6-inch Cardboard
- Scissors  
(Have an adult supervision for use of the tools)
- 2 of 4-inch wooden skewers
- 2 of 3-inch straws and 1 regular-sized straw
- 1 Balloon
- Tape
- 4 plastic bottle caps

### Steps:

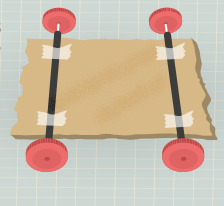
1. Tape the straws to the edge of the cardboard. Make sure that the straws are straight and parallel to the ends of the cardboard



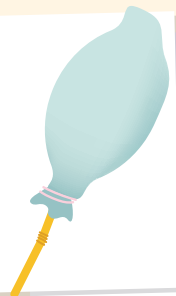
2. Slide the skewers into the straws. You should have about 1/2 inch sticking out of each end.



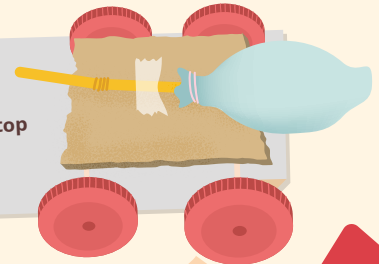
3. Attach the wheels to the skewers. Slide the wheels onto the ends of the skewers. Make sure that they don't touch the cardboard, or they may get stuck.



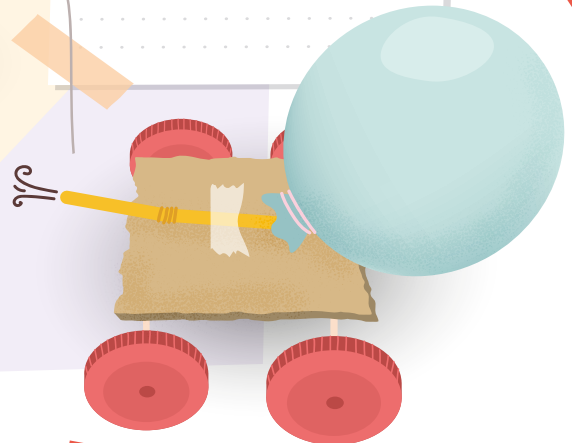
4. Tuck a straw into a balloon and tape it in place. Slide a straw into a balloon by 2 inches (5.08 centimeters). Wrap some tape in a tight spiral around the end of the balloon.



5. Tape the straw to the top of your car.



6. Blow some air into the balloon through the straw. Pinch the straw shut so that the air doesn't escape. Place the car on a smooth, flat surface. Let go of the straw and watch the car go!



# 10 Unique types of transport around the world

There are lots of unique methods of transportation around the world. We have selected 10 unique types of transport in the world. Let's see if you have been in any!



## Coco Taxi in Havana, Cuba

These yellow taxis shaped like hollow coconuts can be seen in Havana and in Varadero. They are faster and less expensive than regular taxis. Locals use the black taxis, while yellow ones are used by tourists.



## Toboggan in Madeiran, Portugal

The Toboggans first originated in the early 19<sup>th</sup> century as a fast and fun way of getting down the hill from Monte to Funchal. It is now used as a transportation for tourists.



## Bamboo Train in Battambang, Cambodia

Cambodian bamboo trains (known as nori) are made up of an electric generator and a makeshift bamboo platform as seating. They run along the railway tracks at speeds of up to 40 km/h.



## Maglev in Shanghai, China

The train has actually exceeded 500 kph in testing. It can travel 19 miles in 7 minutes!



## Tuk-tuk, Thailand

Tuk-tuks or 'sam lor' (three-wheeled) were commonly used as a way of getting around Bangkok before the BTS, MRT and colourful taxis took over.



6



### Reindeer Sled in Lapland, Finland

Reindeer sledding is the oldest form of transport in the north, and an ancient part of Sami culture.



7



### Gondola in Venice, Italy

It is a traditional wood-carved gondola boat which considered as a must-do in Venice.

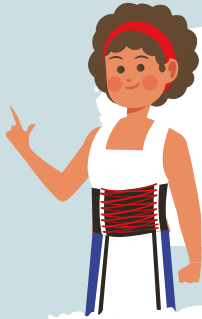


8



### Felucca in Nile and The Red Sea, Egypt

Feluccas are traditional wooden sailing boats used on the Nile and the Red Sea in Egypt. Their lateen-rigged sails move the boat in a slow pace.



### Suspension Railway in Wuppertal, Germany

Its full name is "Electric Elevated Railway (Suspension Railway) Installation, Eugen Langen System". It is considered the oldest electric elevated railway with hanging cars in the world!



10

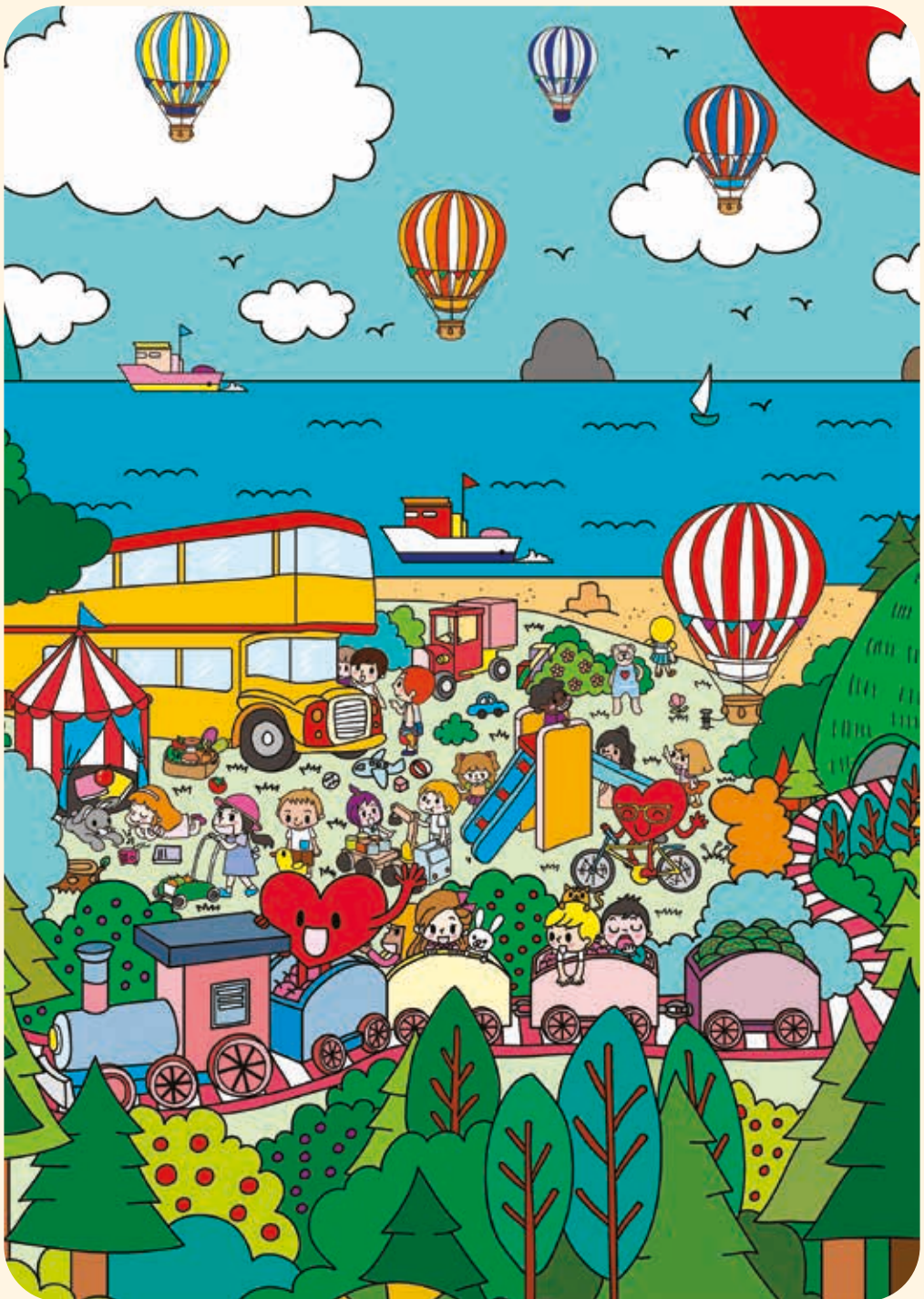


### Cyclo, Vietnam

The cyclo is a three-wheel bicycle taxi that appeared in Vietnam during the French colonial period.







Send in your answers with your name, Smålish passport, number, age, address and contact number to [alexandtampi@smales.com.sg](mailto:alexandtampi@smales.com.sg) by **26 September 2021**. 15 lucky winners will each win a **UPPTÅG Box, patterned**.

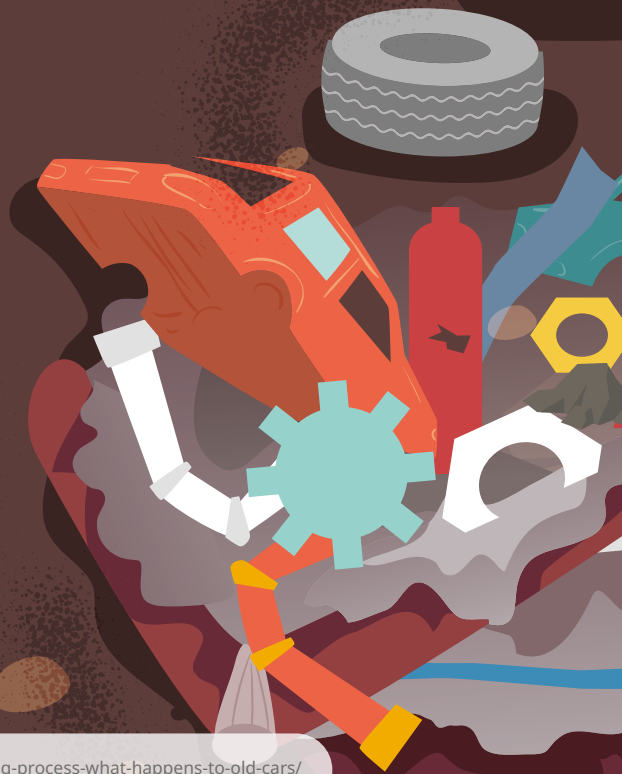




Where do  
the old cars go?

## The Problem with Trashing Cars

Old cars are a huge contributor to overflowing landfills. It could take up to 1,000 years for a car to decompose and the decomposition process itself also pollutes the soil with rot, rust, synthetic liquids, and other toxins.



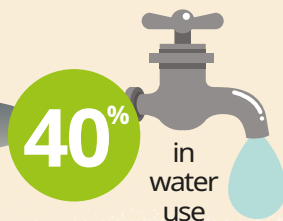
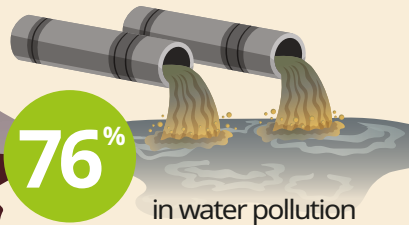
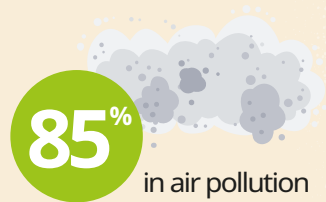
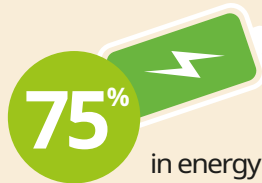
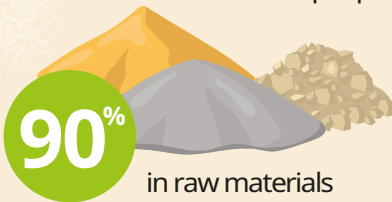


## The Benefits of Recycling

Cars should be recycled since 90 percent of cars can be recycled!

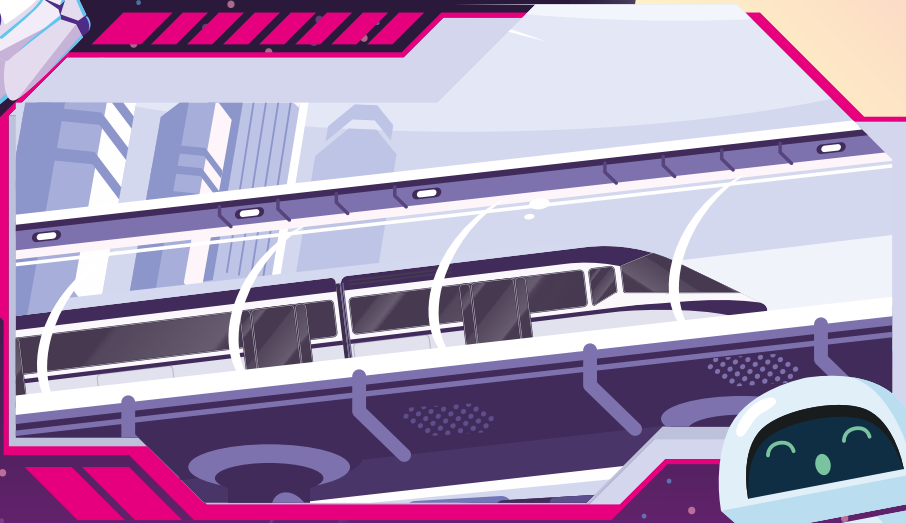
Metals can be purified and reused, rubbers can be recycled, glasses and plastics can be melted down and reformed, and even liquids can be neutralized or reused.

Recycling can save on the world's non-renewable resources. With proper car recycling process, we can save



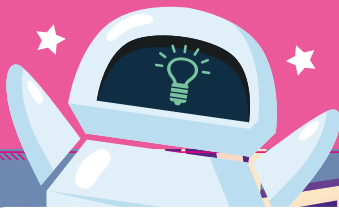


# Future of Transportation



## Hyperloop

Have you ever heard of a hyperloop? It is a very new and exciting kind of technology! The idea is that if you have a tube and take all the air out, then anything travelling through the tube could go much faster since there would be no air resistance to slow it down. For example, a hyperloop train could whizz people along at more than 1000 km/h, meaning you could cross all of Europe in just a few hours! The hyperloop will be eco-friendly compared to a lot of current transportation. Most plans for building the hyperloop use solar power to run the system.



Source: <https://yourstory.com/mystory/six-future-transportation-technologies-future>  
<https://kids.kiddle.co/>  
[https://xedknowledge.com/Coverstory\\_Demo.aspx?id=g8gQXxkYQbroVnrDQ2MnGA%3D%3D](https://xedknowledge.com/Coverstory_Demo.aspx?id=g8gQXxkYQbroVnrDQ2MnGA%3D%3D)  
[https://www.esa.int/kids/en/learn/Technology/Useful\\_space/SA\\_helps\\_students\\_to\\_test\\_hyperloop\\_technology](https://www.esa.int/kids/en/learn/Technology/Useful_space/SA_helps_students_to_test_hyperloop_technology)  
<https://www.npr.org/transcripts/536883330>

## Flying Taxi

Could you imagine flying taxis flying around over the place? The dream of flying taxi is about to become a reality! The flying taxis look a little like flying eggs and they don't have pilots. The little flying taxis know where to go by using very sophisticated technology inside. There're computers that are connected to satellites floating up in space. And these satellites can send signals to the flying taxis to tell them exactly where to fly. The flying taxis will probably be able to drop you off high up in the sky such as on the top floor of buildings. An example of such a flying taxi is Volocopter, an autonomous aircraft with electric power in Dubai.



## Self-driving Car

A self-driving car (also called autonomous car or driverless car) is a car that can travel without the need for its driver to always be in control of the car's movement. It is a vehicle that can drive itself. The car uses sensors to understand what's around it and doesn't need a human's help. You will have time to do almost anything while on the road such as eating, reading, playing games or even sleeping behind the wheel. That's a good idea, isn't it?





# Air Pollution



## What is air pollution?

Air pollution happens when solid and liquid particles called **aerosols** and certain gases end up in our air. These particles and gases can harm the planet and our health.

## Where do aerosols come from?

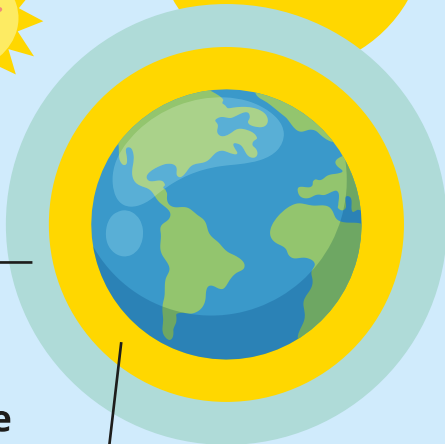
These particles can come from many sources, including car exhaust, factories and even wildfires. Some of the particles and gases come directly from these sources, but others form through chemical reactions in the air.

Aerosols can come from other places, too, such as ash from an erupting volcano. Dust, pollen from plants and mold spores are also examples of aerosols.



## What else causes air pollution?

Certain gases in the atmosphere can cause air pollution. For example, in cities, a gas called **ozone** is a major cause of air pollution.



Good  
Ozone

Bad Ozone

Ozone is also a greenhouse gas that can be both good and bad for our environment. It all depends where it is in Earth's atmosphere.

Ozone high up in our atmosphere is a good thing because it helps block harmful energy from the Sun (radiation).

However, the ozone that is closer to the ground can create negative impact for our health. Ground level ozone is created when sunlight reacts with certain chemicals that come from sources of burning fossil fuels, such as factories or car exhaust.



## Things you can do for the air we breathe

Here are some things you can do every day for the air we breathe:

### Walk or ride your bike to school

Don't ask to be driven to places if it's not really necessary. If you are going somewhere nearby, try to walk or ride your bicycle. Invite your parents along to get a great exercise! The more vehicles we can keep off the roads, the better our air will be.



### Encourage your family to drive clean

Help to organise a carpool to get to and from sports and other activities and events.

Ask your parents to turn off the engine instead of idling while waiting.



### Turn off the lights

Generating electricity contributes to smog, so remember to turn off the lights when you leave a room.

### Avoid chemical sprays and cleaners

Hair and bug spray, air fresheners and even nail polish remover contain chemicals that add to air pollution.

Ask your family members to use more of non-aerosol products



# INBOX @ SMALES

## Last issue's theme:

Alex and Tampi are swimming at the beach while enjoying the beautiful sunset. Draw your most creative and unimaginable sunset view. A sunset that nobody has seen before.

## Best Drawing



Raelynn Mak, 10 years old



Adler Chan Wai Peng, 10 years old



Andrea Berenice De Mesa Ramos,  
10 years old



Charlotte Seah En Sing, 11 years old

Alex and Tampi are going out to get some grocery. Draw the transport you think they took to get there. Be as creative as you can be.

Include your name, Smålish passport number, age, address and contact number, and send your drawing to alexandtampi@smales.com.sg by **26 September 2021**.

1 lucky winner will win a JÄTTELIK 12-piece dinosaur world set.



"Haha! You can't catch me!" Tampi yelled as they ran around the fields, butterflies fluttering around near them. Suddenly, Tampi head the bushes behind rustle. Walking hand in hand, Alex and Tampi bravely headed towards the rustling, only to find fallen leaves on the floor. As they turned around, they saw that their location had changed. "Where? Are we?" Tampi stuttered. It looked just like a rainforest. "Aha! A rainforest! We can see tigers here!" Alex exclaimed excitedly. After hours of waiting, they did not see any animals. They stood up and walked a bit, until Tampi stood still in his tracks. "Where... where are the trees?" Why is there only stumps?" After a while of thinking, Alex said, "Maybe the trees were cut down to make paper... and the animals... all extinct...". Upon hearing that Tampi declared, "We should do out part to protect our earth!".

**Liaw Yu Tong, Charlene, 9 years old**

...A hedgehog! Tampi ignored it and went back to play with the butterflies. But Alex stayed behind and looked closer at the innocent hedgehog. She was about to join Tampi when Alex realised that the hedgehog had tiny little fangs popping out of his mouth and his skin was whiter than usual. Alex finally realised what he was looking at. He was looking at a 'Dracu-hog'. He remembered reading a book about these species. Some scientists were trying to clone hedgehogs when something went wrong. It seems like one of those hedgehogs escaped from the lab. He suddenly realised and started running, with the Dracu-hog close behind. Tampi ran into the garden, pushed open the door, let Alex inside and then slammed the door shut. Both of them were breathing heavily. Then Tampi looked at Alex with a smile on his face and said "Happy April Fools".

**Ayaan Agarwal, 11 years old**

"It's such a nice day. Shall we go out?" suggested Tampi. Alex nodded in agreement. They ran out of their house and into the fields. As they were happily playing, Tampi heard rustles in the bushes. "Ah!!! There's a lion!" shouted Tampi. "It's nothing! Let's just find out." Said Alex calmly. Walking bravely to the bush, they saw a pupa wiggling. Soon after, the head of a struggling butterfly emerged. "Let's cut the pupa!" said Alex. Tampi pushed him back and whispered, "No, it could die.". Now they had watch one of the life cycle of a butterfly.

**Sharlein Anna Shahril, 9 years old**

A giant butterfly with rosy scent on its body. It signalled Alex and Tampi to hop on its back. The butterfly brought them to a treasure chest. Tampi briefly opened the chest and found a LEGO with numbers on it. They put their heads together to crack the code. Within seconds, they managed to crack the code and a shiny button appeared. Alex thought that the button would lead to the land of LEGO so he jumped excitedly on the button. Suddenly, both of them had space tanks on their body. The next moment, they realised that they were in space. When they looked down on earth, they noticed a serious climate change. The entire earth was lighted with red warning signs. Alex and Tampi decided to start a save the world campaign. When they were back on earth, they put up posters all over smales world.

**Tay Yi Xiang Zaylen, 8 years old**

### Last issue's theme:

Alex and Tampi are out in the fields playing with the butterflies. As they were jumping around, Tampi suddenly heard the bushes behind them rustle. Walking hand in hand, they bravely headed towards the rustling, only to find...



**Alex and Tampi decided to take a kayaking trip. While paddling along the river, their kayak hit something! What do you think it is?**

In no more than 150 words, include your name, Smãlish passport number, age, address, and contact number and send your letter to alexandtampi@smales.com.sg by **26 September 2021**. 1 lucky winner will win a JÄTTELIK 12-piece dinosaur world set.



Find the identical hot-air balloon tour photo



**Wreck this  
page**

Fill the page up with  
drawings of different types  
of transportation.

